## LonWorks® I/O Modules

## LonWorks ${ }^{\circledR}$ I/O modules for building automation

LonWorks is a leading open solution for building and home automation, industrial, transportation and public utility control networks.

IDEC provides a variety of compact LonWorks communication terminals containing SNVTs to enable cost-effective design and implementation of multivendor control systems

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Terminal Block Style I/O Modules Open Networks for Building Automation Standard Network Variable Type (SNVT)

- Removable finger-safe spring-up terminal blocks protect against electric shocks and save wiring time.
- Compact housing for all modules: $75 \mathrm{H} \times 132 \mathrm{~W} \times 48 \mathrm{D}$ mm
- 12 different modules designed for general purpose digital control
- I/O signals for specialized applications.
- Digital I/O module is also available for start/stop control with 8 inputs and 8 outputs.
- Analog input and Pt1002 input modules are ideal for air-conditioning and temperature control.
- Pulse input module can count input pulse signals.
- Lighting control module is used for illumination control of fluorescent and incandescent lamps.
- Standard configuration property type (SCPT) allows for adjusting communication traffic.
- LonMark compliant.

Illumination

- ON/OFF Control
- Area illumination


HVAC

- Start/stop heaters and air-conditioners


Elevator

- ON/OFF control
- Status/alarm signal transmission


Energy Control

- Data collection of utility charges for each floor



## Alarm

- Fire, earthquake,gas leakage alarm



## Security

- Sensor signal transmission



## Access Control

- ID card scanner data transmission



## Building Control

- Control and monitoring from a central control room


Part Numbers


Accessories

| Name | Part Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| Terminal Block 1 | SX9Z-SS1 |
| Terminal Block 2 | SX9Z-SS2 |
| Terminal Block 3 | SX9Z-SS3 |
| Terminal Block 7 | SX9Z-SS7 |
| Terminal Block 9 | SX9Z-SS9 |
| Terminal Block 10 | SX9Z-SS10 |
| Terminal Block 11 | SX9Z-SS11 |
| Terminal Block 12 | SX9Z-SS12 |
| Terminal Block 13 | SX9Z-SS13 |
| Terminal Block 14 | SX9Z-SS14 |
| Terminal Block 16 | SX9Z-SS16 |
| DIN Rail (1m long) | BAA1000 |
| End Stop | BNDN1000 |
| Network Interface Connector ${ }^{1}$ | BNL5 |
| Jumper ${ }^{2}$ | SX9Z-CN23 |
|  | Ring |
|  | Spade |

## Applicable Terminal Blocks/Insertion Pin Positions

| SX5L Module Part Number | Terminal Block Position | Terminal Block Part No. | Insertion Pin Positions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SX5L-SBN16B1 | Upper | SX9Z-SS10 | BDFH |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS2 | ACFH |
| SX5L-SBT16K1 <br> SX5L-SBT16S1 | Upper | SX9Z-SS1 | BCEG |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS2 | ADFH |
| SX5L-SBM16K1 <br> SX5L-SBM16K2 <br> SX5L-SBM16S1 <br> SX5L-SBM16S2 | Upper | SX9Z-SS1 | BCFH |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS3 | ADEG |
| SX5L-SBAN041 | Upper | SX9Z-SS12 | ADEH |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS9 | BCFG |
| SX5L-SBPT04X1 <br> SX5L-SBPTO4Y1 | Upper | SX9Z-SS13 | BDEH |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS14 | ACFG |
| SX5L-SBCN081 | Upper | SX9Z-SS11 | ACEH |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS7 | BCEH |
| SX5L-SBRR081 | Upper | SX9Z-SS11 | BDFG |
|  | Lower | SX9Z-SS7 | ADFG |

1. Supplied with two mounting screws.
2. For connecting terminals of an unused channel on analog input and $\mathrm{Pt} 100 \Omega$ input modules.

## Specifications

## General Specifications

| Models | SX5L-SBN16B1 | SX5L-SBT16*1 | SX5L-SBM16** | SX5L-SBAN041 | SX5L-SBPT04*1 | SX5L-SBCN081 | SX5L-SBRR081 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage | 24 V DC |  |  | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |  |  | 24 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4V DC (including 5\% ripple) |  |  | 21.6 to 26.4V AC/DC (including 5\% ripple) |  |  | 21.6 to 26.4 V AC (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | 1.0W (24V DC) | 1.2W (24V DC) |  | 3.0 VA (24V AC) | 8 W (24V DC) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2.0 VA (24V AC) } \\ & \text { 1.0W (24V DC) } \end{aligned}$ | 1.8 VA (24V AC) (not including power consumption by remotecontrol relays) |
| Inrush Current | $\geq 3 \mathrm{~A}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC) |  |  | $\geq 15 \mathrm{~A}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC)}$ |  |  | $\geq 15 \mathrm{~A}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ AC) |
| Allowable Momentary Power Interruption | $\geq 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ (at the rated power voltage) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dielectric Strength | $1,000 \mathrm{~V}$ AC, 1 minute between power and FG terminals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between power and FG terminals ( 500 V DC megger) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Humidity | 30 to $90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature | -20 to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Humidity | 30 to $90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pollution Degree | 2 (IEC60664) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corrosion Immunity | Atmosphere free from corrosive gases |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Altitude | Operation: 0 to 2,000m, Transport: 0 to $3,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration Resistance | 10 to 57 Hz amplitude $0.075 \mathrm{~mm}, 57$ to 150 Hz acceleration $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}(1 \mathrm{G})$ 2 hours per axis on each of three mutually perpendicular axes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shock Resistance | $294 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (30G), 11-ms sinusoidal half-wave pulse |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting | DIN rail, direct panel mounting (M4 mounting screws) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight (approx.) | 240 g |  |  | 250g |  |  |  |

## Communication Specifications

| Communication System | LON® system |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Transceiver | FTT-10A |
| Connection Topology | Bus topology, free topology |
| Transmission Speed | 78 kbps |


| Removable Finger-safe Terminal Block |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rated Insulation Voltage | 250 V |
| Terminal Screw | M 3 (on 7.62 -mm centers) |
| No. of Poles | 10 poles |
| Rated Thermal Current | 7 A |
| Insertion/Removal Durability | 100 times |

## Communication Status LEDs

| Name | Color | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| PWR | Green | Remains on while power is supplied. | RUN $\quad$ Green \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Goes on when, after powerup, self-diagnosis has completed and <br>


application starts.\end{array}\right]\)| Goes on when, after application has started, output network vari- |
| :--- |
| able update failed. |
| Goes off when output network variable is updated successfully. |

## Network Interface Connector

|  | Receptacle in <br> Module Housing | Connector <br> for Cable |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phoenix Contact Part Numbers | MSTBV2.5/2-GF-5.08 | FKC2.5/2-STF-5.08 |  |  |
| IDEC Part Numbers | - | SX9Z-CN23 |  |  |
| Insertion/Removal Durability | 100 times |  |  |  |

## Dimensions



## Features

## Spring-up Terminals

The spring-loaded screws make installation as easy as pushing down and turning with a screwdriver. Installation time is cut in half since the screws do not need to be backed out to install wiring. Screw terminals accept bare wire, ring or fork connectors.


## Finger-safe Terminal Cover

After connecting wires, screw terminals are finger-safe.


## Mounting Hole Layout



## Removable Terminal Block

The terminal block can be removed simply by squeezing both latches on the top of the block inward to unlock the block from the socket. To reattach the terminal block, place the block in the socket with the latches opened and press the block until it snaps.

Wiring can be done with the terminal block removed, so installation in tight spaces is easy.


## Keyed Terminal Blocks

Insertion pins are positioned on the base of the terminal block and inside the socket to prevent insertion of an incorrect terminal block into the socket. The pins are keyed to ensure correct terminal blocks and sockets, and to prevent swapping of upper and lower terminal blocks.


## System Setup Examples

## Bus Topology

Nodes are connected to one trunk line. The trunk line can be extended up to 1,400 meters.

Terminators are needed at both ends of the network.


## Free Topology

The network can also be connected in a star, loop, bus, or combination of these configurations. The network can be expanded and modified.

One terminator is needed on the network and it can be located anywhere.


## Quantity of Nodes (FTT-10A Transceiver Nodes)

A maximum of 64 nodes can be connected to one channel. When connecting more than 64 nodes, a router or repeater is needed.

A router is regarded as one node. Consequently, when using one router, the maximum number of nodes connected to one channel will reduce to 63 .


## Parts Description



## Network Interface Connector

The network interface connector features spring-clamp terminals. Push in the orange pin to open the cable hole using a flat screwdriver and insert a cable into the cable hole. LonWorks network cables can be connected to the two terminals


## Software Common Specifications

## Network Variables

A network variable is data that a particular device application program expects to get from another device on a network (an input network variable) or expects to make available to other devices on a network (an output network variable). Examples are temperature, switch values and actuator position settings.

| I/O | Name | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input Network Variable | nviRequest | SNVT_obj_request |
| Output Network Variable | nvoStatus | SNVT_obj_status |

When receiving nviRequest, the SX5L sends out nvoStatus in reply. This functionality makes it possible for the network to confirm that the responding node is in an on-line status.

## Configuration Property

Configuration property is a data value used to determine initial values and parameters, such as maximum values, minimum values and time, for a particular LonWorks device.

| Name |  | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Configuration Property | nciPwrup | SCPTpwrUpDelay |
|  | nciMaxStsSendT | SCPTmaxSndT |

The SX5L sends output network variable nvoStatus to the network within 3 seconds after powerup. The delay depends on a random number based on the Neuron ID and differs on each node.

The sending time can be delayed by changing the nciPwrup value. At system startup, if the SX5L sends nvoStatus before the addressee device is ready to receive communication, set the nciPwrup to a larger value.

The preset value for nciPwrup can be between 0 and 60 seconds ( 0.1 -sec increments). The sending time is determined by the sum of the nciPwrup value and a random number.

After the first transmission of output network variable nvoStatus, the SX5L sends nvoStatus repeatedly at intervals designated by nciMaxStsSendT. When the nciMaxStsSendT value is 0 , heartbeat transmission is disabled.

The configuration type of nciMaxStsSendT is SNVT_elapsed_tm (day, hour, minute, second, millisecond). When a value over 12 hours is set, the interval is designated as 12 hours 00 minutes 00 seconds.

## Network Management Tool

When setting up a LonWorks network system using SX5L modules, a network management tool is needed, such as LonBuilder or LonMAKER.

## Digital Input Module SX5L-SBN16B1



- 16 digital inputs can be connected with either negative or positive common wiring.
- Used for transmitting digital signals to the network such as alarm signals from local sensors.


## General Specifications

| Voltage | 24 V DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \mathrm{(including} \mathrm{5} \mathrm{\%} \mathrm{ripple)}$ |
| Power Consumption | $1.0 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC})$ |
| Inrush Current | 3 A maximum (24V DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 240 g |

## Digital Input Specifications

| Input Points | 16 points |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input | No-voltage input (DC 2-wire sensor, 3-wire sensor, no-voltage contact) |
| Input Voltage | 24V DC |
| Input Voltage Range | 0 to 26.4V DC |
| Input Impedance | Approx. $4.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Input Current | $6 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{point}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC) |
| No. of Common Circuits | 1 |
| Input Common Polarity | Positive and Negative common compatible |
| Input Delay Time | 250 ms |
| Input Turn ON Voltage | 15 V min. (between input and COM terminals) |
| Input Turn OFF Voltage | 5 V max. (between input and COM terminals) |
| Input OFF Current | 1 mA maximum |
| Isolation from Power Line | Photocoupler isolation |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC, 1 minute between input and FG or power terminals |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between input and FG or power terminals (500V DC megger) |

## Network Variables

Output Network Variable

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoDI[0] to [15] | SNVT_switch | Correspond to inputs 0 through 15 |

Configuration Property

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nciMaxStsSendT1 <br> $[0]$ to $[15]$ | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoDI[0] to [15] heartbeat transmission interval |

Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit
Negative Common Wiring


Positive Common Wiring


Terminal Arrangement
Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS10)

| Marking | COM | COM | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Input Common | Input 0 | Input 1 | Input 2 |  |


| Marking | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input 3 | Input 4 | Input 5 | Input 6 | Input 7 |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS2)

| Marking | POWER+ | POWER- | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Power Terminals |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 V DC | OV | Input 8 | Input 9 | Input 10 |



## Digital Output Modules SX5L-SBT16K1/SX5L-SBT16S1



- 16 transistor outputs for either negative or positive common wiring
- Each module contains 6 virtual I/O functional blocks with 2 input and 2 output network variables.


## General Specifications

| Voltage | 24 V DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4 V DC (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | 1.2 W (24V DC) |
| Inrush Current | 3 A maximum (24V DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 240 g |

Transistor Output Specifications

| Models | SX5L-SBT16K1 | SX5L-SBT16S1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Points | 16 points |  |
| Output | N-MOS open drain (NPN transistor output) | P-MOS open drain (PNP transistor output) |
| Load Voltage | 24V DC |  |
| Load Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4V DC |  |
| Maximum Load Current | 500 mA per point, 6A per common line |  |
| Output Common Polarity | Positive common | Negative common |
| Voltage Drop (ON Voltage) | 0.8 V maximum (voltage between power - terminal and output terminals when output is on) | 0.8 V maximum (voltage between power + terminal and output terminals when output is on) |
| Leakage Current | 1 mA maximum |  |
| Isolation from Power Line | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC, 1 minute between output and FG or power terminals |  |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between output and FG or power terminals (500V DC megger) |  |

## Network Variables

Output Network Variable

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoDI[0] to [15] | SNVT_switch | Correspond to inputs 0 through 15 |

For details about network variables and virtual I/O functional block, see user's manual SX9Z-B901.

## Virtual I/O Functional Block

Two output network variables (nvoSWA[0] to [5], nvoSWB[0] to [5]) can be programmed togenerate results of inversion, AND, or OR operation of two
 input network variables (nviSWA[0] to [5], nviSWB[0] to [5]) by changing configuration properties (nciAndOr[0] to [5].

## Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit

SX5L-SBT16K1: Positive Common Wiring


SX5L-SBT16S1: Negative Common Wiring


## Terminal Arrangement

Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS1)

| Marking | + | - | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Load Power |  |  |  |  |


| Marking | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Output 3 | Output 4 | Output 5 | Output 6 | Output 7 |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS2)

| Marking | POWER + | POWER- | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Power Terminals | Output 8 | Output 9 | Output 10 |  |
|  | 24 V DC |  |  |  |  |


| Marking | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Output 11 | Output 12 | Output 13 | Output 14 | Output 15 |



Digital I/O Modules SX5L-SBM16K1, -SBM16K2, -SBM16S1, -SBM16S2


- 8 digital inputs and 8 transistor outputs for either negative or positive common wiring.
- SX5L-SBM16K1 and -SBM16S1 contain 3 virtual I/O functional blocks with 2 input and 2 output network variables.
- SX5L-SBM16K2 and -SBM16S2 are designed for start/stop control of 4 channels.


## General Specifications

| Voltage | 24 V DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4 V DC (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | $1.2 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC})$ |
| Inrush Current | 3 A maximum (24V DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 240 g |

## Transistor Output Specifications

| Models | SX5L-SBM16K1 <br> SX5L-SBM16K2 <br> (NPN Input Type) | SX5L-SBM16S1 <br> SX5L-SBM16S2 <br> (PNP Input Type) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Points | 8 points |  |
| Input Type | No-voltage input (DC 2-wire sensor, <br> 3-wire sensor, no-voltage contact) |  |
| Input Voltage | 24V DC |  |
| Input Voltage Range | 0 to 26.4V DC |  |
| Input Impedance | Approx. $4.0 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |
| Input Current | $6 \mathrm{~mA} /$ point (24V DC) |  |
| No. of Common Circuits | 1 |  |
| Input Common Polarity | Positive common | Negative common |
| Input Delay Time | 250 ms |  |
| Input Turn ON Voltage | 15 V min. (between input and COM terminals) |  |
| Input Turn OFF Voltage | 5 V max. (between input and COM terminals) |  |
| Input OFF Current | 1 mA maximum |  |
| Isolation from Power Line | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC, 1 minute between input and FG or power terminals |  |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between input and FG or power terminals (500V DC megger) |  |

Network Variables
Input Network Variable

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nviDO[0] to [7] | SNVT_switch | Correspond to outputs 0 through 7 |
| Output Network Variable |  |  |
| Name | Type | Description |
| nvoDI[0] to [7] | SNVT_switch | Correspond to inputs 0 through 7 |

Configuration Property

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nciMaxStsSendT1 [0] to [7] | SNVT_switch | nvoDI[0] to [7] heartbeat transmission interval |

For details about network variables and virtual I/O functional block, see user's manual SX9Z-B801.

## Transistor Output Specifications

| Models | SX5L-SBM16K1 <br> SX5L-SBM16K2 <br> (NPN Output Type) | SX5L-SBM16S1 <br> SX5L-SBM16S2 <br> (PNP Output Type) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Points | 8 points |  |
| Output Type | N-MOS open drain (NPN transistor output) | P-MOS open drain (PNP transistor output) |
| Load Voltage | 24V DC |  |
| Load Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4V DC |  |
| Maximum Load Current | 500 mA per point, 4A per common line |  |
| Output Common Polarity | Positive common | Negative common |
| Voltage Drop (ON Voltage) | 0.8 V maximum (voltage between power - terminal and output terminals when output is on) | 0.8 V maximum (voltage between power + terminal and output terminals when output is on) |
| Leakage Current | 1 mA maximum |  |
| Isolation from Power Line | Photocoupler isolation |  |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC, 1 minute between output and FG or power terminals |  |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between output and FG or power terminals ( 500 V DC megger) |  |

## Start/Stop Control

## SX5L-SBM16K2 / SX5L-SBM16S2

Depending on the statuses of input variables nviDO and nviOVR, a start or stop output pulse isgenerated or suppressed. For $\mathrm{DIO}[0]$ as an example, the following charts summarize the relationships of input variables nviDO[0] and nviOVR[0] with start or stop output pulsegeneration (pulse widths 1 sec ) from output terminal 0 or 1 , respectively.

## While nviOVR[0] is off



## While nviOVR[0] is on




## Virtual I/O Functional Block

## SX5L-SBM16K1 / SX5L-SBM16S1

Two output network variables (nvoSWA[0] to [2], nvoSWB[0] to [2]) can be programmed togenerate results of inversion, AND, or OR operation of two
 input network variables (nviSWA[0] to [2], nviSWB[0] to [2]) by changing configuration properties (nciAndOr[0] to [2]).

## Network Variables

## SX5L-SBM16K2 / SX5L-SBM16S2

Input Network Variables

| Name | Type |  | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| nviDO[0] | SNVT_switch | Sends start/stop pulses from Start 0 and Stop 0 (output terminals 0 and 1) |  |
| nviDO[1] | SNVT_switch | Sends start/stop pulses from Start 1 and Stop 1 (output terminals 2 and 3) |  |
| nviDO[2] | SNVT_switch | Sends start/stop pulses from Start 2 and Stop 2 (output terminals 4 and 5) |  |
| nviDO[3] | SNVT_switch | Sends start/stop pulses from Start 3 and Stop 3 (output terminals 6 and 7) |  |
| nviOVR[0] to [3] | SNVT_switch | Sends stop pulses from Stop 0 to Stop 3 (output terminals 1,3,5,7) and disables nviDO[0] to [3] |  |

Input Network Variables

|  | Name | Type |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | nvoDI[0], [2], [4], [6] | SNVT_switch | Sends Status 0, 1, 2 and 3 to the network |  |
|  | nvoDI[1], [3], [5], [7] | SNVT_switch | Sends Alarm 0, 1, 2 and 3 to the network |  |
|  | nvoOVR[0] to [3] | SNVT_switch | Sends the received nviOVR[0] to [3] values to the network |  |
|  | Input Network Variables |  |  |  |
|  | Name | Type |  | Description |
|  | nciMaxStsSendT1[0] | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoDI[0] and [1] heartbeat transmission interval |  |
|  | nciMaxStsSendT1[1] | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoDI[2] and [3] heartbeat transmission interval |  |
|  | nciMaxStsSendT1[2] | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoDI[4] and [5] heartbeat transmission interval |  |
| - | nciMaxStsSendT1[3] | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoDI[6] and [7] heartbeat transmission interval |  |

## Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit

## SX5L-SBM16K1 / SX5L-SBM16K2

Input: Negative Common Wiring Output: Positive Common Wiring


Terminal Arrangement
Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS1)

| Marking | + | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Input Common / Load Power |  |
| SBM16K1 | 24V DC | OV (Input COM) |
| SBM16S1 | 24V DC (Input COM) | OV |
| SBM16K2 | 24V DC | OV (Input COM) |
| SBM16S2 | 24V DC (Input COM) | OV |


| Marking | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SBM16*1 | Input 0 | Input 1 | Input 2 | Input 3 |
| SBM16*2 | Status 0 | Alarm 0 | Status 1 | Alarm 1 |


| Marking | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SBM16*1 | Input 4 | Input 5 | Input 6 | Input 7 |
| SBM16*2 | Status 2 | Alarm 2 | Status 3 | Alarm 3 |



## SX5L-SBM16S1 / SX5L-SBM16S2

Input: Positive Common Wiring
Output: Negative Common Wiring


Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS3)

| Marking | POWER + | POWER - | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SBM16*1 | Power <br> 24V DC | Power <br> OV | Output 0 <br> Start 0 | Output 1 <br> Stop 0 | Output 2 <br> Start 1 |
| SBM16*2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marking | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| SBM16*1 | Output 3 | Output 4 | Output 5 | Output 6 | Output 7 |
| SBM16*2 | Stop 1 | Start 2 | Stop 2 | Start 3 | Stop 3 |



## Analog Input Module SX5L-SBAN041

- 4 analog input channels
- The types of network variables for processing analog data can be changed to meet the control requirements.
- Ideal for heating, ventilation and air-conditioning (HVAC) and other analog control applications.
- Voltage: 24V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) / 24V DC compatible


## General Specifications

| Voltage | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | $3.0 \mathrm{VA}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}), 1.8 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC) |
| Inrush Current | 15 A maximum (24V AC/DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 250 g |


|  | Input Points | 4 points |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Input | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Voltage input: } \\ \text { Current input: }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}1 \text { to } 5 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ 4 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC}\end{array}$ |
|  | Input Impedance | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Voltage input: } \\ \text { Current input: }\end{array}$ | $1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{\Omega}$ |
|  |  |  |  |$]$

## Network Variables

Output Network Variables

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoAl0 | SNVT_lev_percent | Corresponds to channel 0 |
| nvoAl1 | SNVT_lev_percent | Corresponds to channel 1 |
| nvoAl2 | SNVT_lev_percent | Corresponds to channel 2 |
| nvoAl3 | SNVT_lev_percent | Corresponds to channel 3 |

## Configuration Property

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nciMaxStsSendT1 | SCPTmaxSndT | nvoAl0 to nvoAl3 <br> heartbeat transmission interval |
| nciMinSendT1 | SCPTminSndT | nvoAl0 to nvoAl3 <br> minimum transmission interval |
| nciMaxRng[0] | SCPTmaxRnge | Designates nvoAI0 maximum value |
| nciMaxRng[1] | SCPTmaxRnge | Designates nvoAl1 maximum value |

## Transistor Output Specifications

The type of output network variables nvoAIO through nvoAl3 can be changed. To change the type of the output network variable, use LonMaker Browser. Among the Standard Network Variable Types (SNVT) approved by the LonMark Interoperability Association, a total of 99 SNVTs can be used for SX5L analog input modules. When changing the output network variable types, designate the configuration properties as shown in the example below:

| Index | Type | nciMinRng[0] to <br> nciMinRng[3] | nciMaxRng[0] to <br> nciMaxRng[3] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | SVNT_amp_mil | 4 | 20 |
| 44 | SVNT_volt | 1 | 5 |

## Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit



Note: Connect the terminals of an unused channel using an optional jumper BPJ-26B (ring type) or BPJ-26FB (spade type) or using wires.

## Terminal Arrangement

| Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS12) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marking | NC | NC |
| Name | No Connection |  |


| Marking | SLD | CO | 10 | V0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Shield | Channel 0 |  |  |
|  |  | Common | Current Input | Voltage Input |


| Marking | SLD | C1 | I1 | V1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Shield | Channel 1 |  |  |
|  |  | Common | Current Input | Voltage Input |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS9)

| Marking | POWER L | POWER N |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Power Terminals |  |


| Marking | SLD | C2 | 12 | V2 | ~ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Shield | Channel 2 |  |  |  |
|  | Common | Current Input | Voltage Input |  |  |


| Marking | SLD | C3 | 13 | V3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Shield | Channel 3 |  |  |
|  |  | Common | Current Input | Voltage Input |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Analog Output Module SX5L-SBAT04X1


- Used for transmitting analog signals to a network.
- 4 ouput analog channels


## General Specifications

| Voltage | 24 V AC $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | $4.5 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}) / 7.0 \mathrm{VA}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC})$ |
| Weight (approx.) | 240 g |


|  | Part Number | SX5L-SBT04X1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Output Points | 4 points |
|  | Output | Current output: 4-20mA |
|  | Output Max Load Impedance | $600 \Omega$ |
|  | Analog Resolution | 12bit |
|  | Sampling Cycle | 300 ms 1 point |
|  | Tolerance | $\pm 0.5 \%$ |
|  | Isolation from Output | No isolation |
|  | Isolation from Power | Photocoupler isolation |
|  | Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC 1 minutes (between output and FG terminal) 500 V AC 1 minutes (between output and power terminal) |
|  | Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum (between output and FG terminal) $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum (between output and power terminal) |

## Terminal Arrangement

Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS15)

| Terminal | NC | NC | SLD | CO | 10 | NC | SLD | C1 | 11 | NC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | No Connection |  | Shield | CHO Common | CHO Current Output | NC | Shield | CH1 Common | CH1 Current Output | NC |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS16)

| Terminal | Power L | Power N | SLD | C2 | 12 | NC | SLD | C3 | 13 | NC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Power |  | Shield | CH2 Common | CH2 Current Output | NC | Shield | CH3 Common | CH3 Current Output | NC |

## Pt100』 Input Modules SX5L－SBPT04X1／SX5L－SBPT04Y1


－ 4 input channels for air conditioning and other temperature control applications
－Two temperature ranges are available：
－ 0 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and -20 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
－Voltage：24V AC（50／60 Hz）／24V DC compatible

## General Specifications

| Voltage | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$（including 5\％ripple） |
| Power Consumption | $3.0 \mathrm{VA}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}), 1.8 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC})$ |
| Inrush Current | 15 A maximum（24V AC／DC） |
| Weight（approx．） | 250 g |

Pt100』 Input Specifications

| Part Numbers | SX5L－SBPT04X1 | SX5L－SBPT04Y1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Points | 4 points |  |
| Input Type | 3 －wire Pt100 1 resistance thermometer |  |
| Temperature Measurement Range | 0 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -20 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Analog Resolution | 12 bits |  |
| Input Detection Current | 1．0mA maximum |  |
| A／D Conversion Time | 80 ms per point |  |
| Sample Duration Time | 1 sec |  |
| Allowable Conductor Resistance | 100 2 maximum <br> （ 3 wires must have the same resistance） |  |
| Burnout | Yes（data：$+327.67^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ） |  |
| Error | $\pm 0.4 \%$（full scale） |  |
| Isolation between Input Channels | No isolation |  |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC， 1 minute between input and FG or power terminals |  |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between input and FG or power terminals（500V DC megger） |  |

## Terminal Arrangement

Upper Terminal Block（SX9Z－SS13）

| Marking | NC | NC | NC | b0 | B0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | No Connection |  |  | Channel 0 Pt100 Input |  |


| Marking | A0 | NC | b1 | B1 | A1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Channel 0 Pt100』 Input | No Connection | Channel 1 Pt100』 Input |  |  |



## Network Variables

Output Network Variables

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoPT［0］ | SNVT＿temp＿p | Corresponds to channel 0 |
| nvoPT［1］ | SNVT＿temp＿p | Corresponds to channel 1 |
| nvoPT［2］ | SNVT＿temp＿p | Corresponds to channel 2 |
| nvoPT［3］ | SNVT＿temp＿p | Corresponds to channel 3 |

Configuration Property

| Name | Type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit



Connect the terminals of an unused channel using an optional jumper BPJ－26B （ring type）or BPJ－26FB（spade type）or using wires．

Lower Terminal Block（SX9Z－SS14）

| Marking | POWER L | POWER N | NC | b2 |  | B2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Power Terminals |  | No Connection | Channel 2 Pt100』 Input |  |  |
| Marking | A2 |  | NC | b3 | B3 | A3 |
| Name | Channel 2 Pt100 Input |  | No Connection | Channel 3 Pt100』 Input |  |  |
| $\frac{-5}{2 \pi}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Pulse Input Module SX5L-SBCN081

- 8 input terminals to count pulse inputs at 8 Hz up to a maximum of $9,999,999$. Inputs can be connected in either negative or positive common wiring.
- Maximum counter current values can be designated using the configuration property. Counter current values are stored at power interruption.
- Applicable for counting pulse inputs from watthour meters.
- Voltage: 24V AC (50/60 Hz) / 24V DC compatible


## General Specifications

| Voltage | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / 24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to $26.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | $2.0 \mathrm{VA}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}), 1.0 \mathrm{~W}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC})$ |
| Inrush Current | 15 A maximum (24V AC/DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 250 g |

## Pulse Input Specifications

| Input Points | 8 points |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | 24V DC |
| Voltage Range | 0 to 26.4V DC |
| Minimum Pulse Width | ON duration: 50 ms <br> OFF duration: 50 ms |
| Maximum Frequency Response | 8 Hz |
| Input Impedance | Approx. $3.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Input Current | $7 \mathrm{~mA} / \mathrm{point}$ (24V DC) |
| No. of Common Circuits | 1 common circuit/point |
| Input Common Polarity | Positive and negative common compatible |
| Input Turn ON Voltage | 15 V min. (between input and COM terminals) |
| Input Turn OFF Voltage | 5 V max. (between input and COM terminals) |
| Isolation from Power Line | Photocoupler isolation |
| Dielectric Strength | 500 V AC, 1 minute between input and FG, power, or input terminals |
| Insulation Resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between input and FG , power, or input terminals (500V DC megger) |
| Current Value Backup Times | 10,000 times of current value storage into the builtin EEPROM during power interruption |

Network Variables
Input Network Variables

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nviPreset[0] to [7] | SNVT_count_f | Receives counter new current value |

Output Network Variables

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoCount[0] to [7] | SNVT_count_f | Sends counter current value |

Configuration Property

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nciMaxStsSendT1 | SCPTmaxSndT | Heartbeat transmission interval |
| nciMinSendT1 | SCPTminSndT | Minimum transmission interval |
| nciDefaults | SCPTdefltBehave | Enable event-driven transmission |
| nciMaxRng $[0]$ to $[7]$ | SCPTmaxRnge | Maximum counter values |

## Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit

Negative Common Wiring


Positive Common Wiring


## Terminal Arrangement

Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS11)

| Marking | NC | NC | 0 | CO | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | No Connection | Input 0 | COM 0 | Input 1 |  |


| Marking | C1 | 2 | C2 | 3 | C3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | COM 1 | Input 2 | COM 2 | Input 3 | COM 3 |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS7)

| Marking | POWER L | POWER N | 4 | C4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Power Terminals | Input 4 | COM 4 | Input 5 |  |


| Marking | C5 | 6 | C6 | 7 | C7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | COM 5 | Input 6 | COM 6 | Input 7 | COM 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Remote-control Relay Control Module SX5L-SBRR081



- 8 output channels to turn on and off remote control relays for illumination control.
- Remote-control relay status is fed back to the network.
- Voltage: 24V AC (50/60 Hz) supplied from a remote-control transformer


## General Specifications

| Voltage | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ supplied from a remote-control <br> transformer |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage Range | 21.6 to 26.4 V AC (including 5\% ripple) |
| Power Consumption | $1.8 \mathrm{VA}(24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC})$ not including power consumption <br> by remote-control relay |
| Inrush Current | 15 A maximum (24V DC) |
| Weight (approx.) | 250 g |

## Remote-control Relay Control Specifications

| Input Points | 8 points |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input | Feedback input from remote control relays <br> through output signal lines |
| Output | Remote-control relay output |
| Output Pulse ON Width | 100 ms |
| Applicable Remote-control Relay | BR-12D, BR-22D, BR-1 (Mitsubishi Electric) <br> WR6165 (Matsushita Electric Works) |
| Applicable Remote-control | BRT-10B, BRT-20B, BRT-1 (Mitsubishi Electric) <br> WR2301 (Matsushita Electric Works) |
| Transformer | Photocoupler isolation |
| Isolation from Power Line | 500 V AC, 1 minute between remote-control <br> relay control terminal and FG terminal |
| Dielectric Strength | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum between remote-control <br> relay control terminal and FG terminal <br> (500V DC megger) |
| Insulation Resistance |  |

## Network Variables

Input Network Variables

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nviLampValue[0] to [7] | SNVT_switch | Controls remote-control relay |

Output Network Variable

| Name | Type | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nvoLampValueFb[0] to [7] | SCPTmaxSndT | Sends feedback signal |
| Configuration Property |  |  |
| Name | Type | Description |
| nciMaxStsSendT1 | SCPTmaxSndT | Heartbeat transmission interval |
| nciDefaults | SCPTdefltBehave | Enable event-driven transmission |

Wiring Diagram and Internal Circuit


Note: Common terminals CO through C7 and the POWER $N$ terminal are connected together internally. Only one remote-control relay can be connected to each output circuit.

## Terminal Arrangement

## Upper Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS11)

| Marking | NC | NC | 0 | CO | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | No Connection | Output 0 | COM 0 | Output 1 |  |
| Marking | C1 | 2 | C2 | 3 | C3 |
| Name | COM 1 | Output 2 | COM 2 | Output 3 | COM 3 |



Lower Terminal Block (SX9Z-SS7)

| Marking | POWER L | POWER N | 4 | C4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Power Terminals | Output 4 | COM 4 | Output 5 |  |


| Marking | C5 | 6 | C6 | 7 | C7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | COM 5 | Output 6 | COM 6 | Output 7 | COM 7 |



## SX5L Series Smart I/O (General Information)

## Wiring SX5L

## Cable Connector

- For wiring the communication cable connector on the SX5L, use a cable of 24 AWG to 14 AWG ( 0.2 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ). Strip the cable 7 mm from the end as shown below. Each communication terminal can accommodate up to two cables.

- When connecting two cables to one terminal, use cables of 24 AWG to 16 AWG (0.2 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ).
- Do not solder the cable end for connection.
- Tighten terminal screws on the communication cable connector to a torque of 0.5 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$.
- Tighten mounting screws on the communication cable connector to a torque of 0.3 to $0.5 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$.
- When tightening the screws on the cable connector, use a thin, flat screwdriver.


## Insertion Pin Positions

When purchasing terminal blocks separately, set the insertion pins as shown below.


| SX5L Part No. | Terminal Block | Type No. | Pin Positions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SX5*-SBN16* | Upper | SX9Z-SS1 | B D FH |
| SX5*-SBR08 | Lower | SX9Z-SS2 | A CE G |
|  | Upper | SX9Z-SS4 | B DE G |
| Lower | SX9Z-SS5 | ACFH |  |
| SX5*-SBM16* | Upper | SX9Z-SS1 | B CE G |
|  | Uwer | SX9Z-SS2 | A DFH |

## Safety Precautions

- Turn power off to the SX5L communication terminals before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance and inspection of the SX5. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shocks or fire hazard.
- Wire the SX5L correctly. Improper wiring may cause malfunction, abnormal heat and fire.
- Use wires of a proper size to meet voltage and current requirements. Tighten the terminal screws to a proper tightening torque. A loose screw may cause abnormal heat and fire. Check periodically to see if the screws are tightened securely.
- All SX5L communication terminals are manufactured under IDEC's rigorous quality control system, but users must add a backup or fail safe provision to the control system using a SX5L communication terminal in applications where heavy damage or personal injury might result should the SX5L fail.


## Terminal Symbols

## Mounting Hole Layout (Top view)




## Input/Output Requirements

- When connecting DC two-wire sensors to the SX5, the sensors must meet the following specifications.

| Operating voltage: | 12 to 24 V DC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Leakage current: | 1 mA maximum |
| Residual voltage: | 6 V maximum |
| ON output current: | 5.5 mA minimum (at 24 V DC) |

The sensor must have an ON output current of 4 mA at the minimum. If the sensor does not meet this lower limit, connect a bleeder resistor as shown below. But if the residual voltage is 6 V or less, the sensor can still be used although the ON output may be less than 3.5 mA .


- Use the following formula for calculating the bleeder resistance if needed.

$$
R(k \Omega)=\frac{V c c-6}{I-4}
$$

## Vcc: Power voltage

I: Lower limit of DC two-wire sensor ON output (mA)

- Do not apply DC power voltage to the output circuit without connecting a load, otherwise internal elements will be damaged.
- When an overload or short circuit occurs, the protected source output shuts down the output immediately to protect the internal elements from permanent damage. When the cause of the overload or short circuit is removed, the SX5L will restore normal operation automatically.
- When the capacity of main power supply is small, the overcurrent protection of the main supply may reduce power supply to the SX5, then the SX5L will stop operation, causing a network error.
- When using the relay output in environments where extraneous noises exist or inductive loads are switched frequently,generating high back emf, connect contact protection elements to the output terminals and across the load as shown below.


## Varistor



Diode and Zener Diode


- For DC power voltage only
- For both AC and DC power voltages


## Response Time

The response time of the SX5L system varies greatly depending on such factors as the quantity of modules and cable length. Response time can be confirmed on the actual network system.

## Terminators

LonWorks networks require terminators. For details about the terminators, see publications on LonWorks.

## Operating Instructions <br> Installation and Wiring (AII SX5L Modules)

- Turn power off to the SX5L before installing or removing the connector or the removable terminal block.
- Tighten the terminal screws to a torque of 0.6 to $1.0 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$.
- When mounting the SX5L on a panel, tighten the mounting screws to a torque of 1.0 to $1.3 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{m}$. Recommended mounting screw: M4
- When mounting the SX5L on a DIN rail, put the SX5L on the DIN rail and press the SX5L towards the rail to lock. To remove, pull out the latch from the bottom of the module using a screwdriver and release the SX5. To re-attach, push back the latch into place and snap on the SX5L.
- The upper-right mounting hole has a FG terminal. Connect the FG terminal and control box. Use a wire of $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ at the minimum to connect the relay terminal block with the safety ground. When mounting on a DIN rail, a steel DIN rail is recommended for easy grounding.


## Mounting on Aluminum IDEC DIN Rail Part Number BNDN1000

- The upper-right mounting hole has a FG terminal. When mounting the SX5L on an aluminum DIN rail, connect the FG terminal to the panel using the attached M4 screw and nut, and connect the panel to a proper ground.


## Panel Mounting

- When mounting the SX5L on a panel surface, attach a crimping terminal of a ground wire to the FG terminal on the upper-right mounting hole of the SX5 and insert a screw through the mounting hole. Connect the ground wire to the panel and connect the panel to a proper ground.
- Note: For secure electrical connection, remove any coating from the ground area on the panel.


## Terminal Block

The SX5L uses removable terminal blocks. To remove and attach the terminal block, follow the procedures below:

- To remove the terminal block, squeeze both latches on top of the block inward to unlock the block from the socket.
- To reattach the terminal block, place the block in the socket with the latches opened and press the block until it bottoms in the socket, then the latches snap outward to lock the terminal block.
- Insertion pins are positioned on the base of the terminal block and inside the socket to prevent insertion of invalid blocks into the socket. The pins are keyed to ensure correct matching of block and socket, and prevent swapping of upper and lower blocks.
- When the block does not fit into the socket properly, check to see if the pin positions on the block agree with the pin-slot arrangement in the socket. If the pins and the pin slots are in matching positions, check for any wire fragments and obstacles in the socket.
- When cutting cables or wires, keep the SX5L out of the way to prevent ingress of wire fragments.
- When wiring the screw terminals using crimping terminals, use crimping terminals of the dimensions shown below. Each screw terminal can accommodate up to two crimping terminals.


